

Intent

Music Curriculum Map

Music at The Hurlingham Academy focuses on improving the quality of students' musical responses and musical understanding to promote good prospects for further study and a life-long appreciation for the art form. Music is an incredibly varied subject by nature, encompassing practical skills, listening skills, creative skills self-management skills, problem-solving, and communicative skills. The curriculum has been designed to scaffold practical musical skills from Year 7 to Year 11 in a sequenced and fundamentally musical way by linking all musical activities to the act of making music. We encourage all students to take part in the extra-curricular programmes, such as Choir, Brass Group, Theory Clubs, and instrumental lessons to develop their instrumental/singing skills and general musicianship. The learning experiences are high quality and authentic (where possible), with clear progression routes. The department prides its curriculum as being inclusive, absorbing, relevant, varied, progressive and respectful – all of which are important in producing active and confident students.

Implementation

The curriculum is delivered through a primarily practical means – all music should be rooted in an authentic musical activity, including all theory and listening skills. Schemes of work from Year 7 to Year 11 have been chosen to offer numerous opportunities to interleave knowledge and skills from the start of year 7, meaning content is continuously embedded into students' long term memory. The Key Stage 3 curriculum has been designed in such a way that allows students time to develop their instrumental (either piano, guitar), singing and music technology skills regularly, with increasing technical difficulty as each year progresses. The performing aspects of the curriculum are framed through schemes of work that support students' analytical skills over a variety of musical styles and genres: these schemes of work are designed to teach students how to approach musical analysis generally (particularly for unfamiliar pieces of music) rather than having an in-depth knowledge of a particular style of music, though some schemes of work will require students to know some contextual information about the style. By the end of Key Stage 3, students should be ready to analyse the music required for Key Stage 4 Music and Music Technology.

		Term 1	Term 2		Term 3	Term 4	Term 5
		Sub-Saharan African Music Singing / Piano / Percussion		ient	<mark>Opera</mark> Singing / Piano / Guitar		Si
:	Year 7	introduced to standard Wes signatures, dynamics, tempo m	ea of repetition and contrast. tional pieces on percussion and ing students to the interrelated composition. Students are also tern notation (rhythms, time narkings and treble clef) during in all subsequent schemes of	Synoptic Assessm	focusing on <i>Carmen</i> by George arias and chorus numbers from how the musical themes we character through both perfo	the work in order to understand re composed for a particular orming and melodic analysis. ir own themes and notate these	Students build on supportive rehearsal-s a song as a class. Stu advance their musical features within the

	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	
ar 8	Form & Structure Piano / Guitar Students explore how Western Classical Music is organised into different forms and structures by studying both a solo and ensemble piece. They build on their instrumental skills from		Synoptic Assessment	Remixes Piano / Music Technology Students are introduced to Music Technology through the remix of a popular song. In this unit they will need to make compositional decisions about the style of the song, as well as		Sir Students continue to chosen instrument by into the historical con	
Year	Year 7 by tackling more technically challenging musical works, and are introduced to more sophisticated notation, looking at key signatures and more complex rhythms.			and music sequencer. This	use a Digital Audio Workstation s is an important module in Music and Music Technology.	and analyse how the M Saharan African Musi popular song forms, co their understand	

Term 6

Class Band Singing / Piano / Guitar

on their instrumental technical skills in a I-style environment, with the aim to perform Students look at simple song structures and al analytical skills by identifying key musical ne song from previous schemes of work. Synoptic Assessment

Term 6

Blues Singing / Piano / Guitar

to develop their technical ability on their by focusing on Blues music. Students look ontext in which Blues music came about, a Music was developed as a fusion of Subusic and Western Music. Students explore complex rhythms and continue to develop nding of Western standard notation. Synoptic Assessment

	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	
	Electronic Dance Music Piano / Music Technology		ent	Variations Singing / Piano / Guitar		Sir	
Year 9	track based on the characteri genre, preparing them for c Students become more confide more effects processing and p	nt at handling their DAW, using olugins to enhance their work. Ince context and link it to other	Synoptic Assessm	Canon in D (J. Pachelbel) as a performing their own variation compose using a variety o throughout the previous two ye	n by first playing and analysing a set work, then composing and as on a given theme. Students f musical devices explored ears along with some new ones ticated composition.	Students work togethe expressive ensemble p designed primarily to their chosen instru appropriate performa	

Year 10	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3 Term 4			Term 5
	AOS1: Instrumental Music 1700-1820		-	AOS2: Vocal Music			AOS3: N
Music	Students study instrumental music from the Western Classical Tradition to build their musical analytical skills and to add more repertoire to their compositional skills. Students explore the context in which this music was composed, broadening their understanding of what the purpose of music is.			Students study music that has been composed for the human voice. Students build on their analytical skills by studying different pieces to gain an understanding of the complexities of the human voice, and how different composers have treated it as an instrument. This broadens students' compositional skills.			Students study mu (musical theatre) ar which this mus understanding of w this music will also
GCSE,	Set Works:		ent	Set Works:		ent	Set Works: • 'Main Title/R
Edexcel	 Brandenburg Concerto No. 5 in D Major: III – 		Assessment	 'Music for a While' – H. Purcell 		Assessment	Episode IV:
	J.S. Bach		ses	• 'Killer Queen' from Sheer Heart Attack - Queen		ses	'Defying Gra
	 Piano Sonata No. 8 in C Minor 'Pathétique': I – L. van Beethoven 						Preparation for th
	Preparation for the performance component of the GCSE is ongoing.			Preparation for the performance component of the GCSE is ongoing. Students begin their free composition.		Synoptic	composit
	Unit 1: Using a Digital Audio Workstation Students develop their skills in operating a Digital Audio Workstation (DAW) creatively using audio, MIDI, hardware and editing tools. Students will create a musical project in response to a brief, reflecting industry skills. This creates a foundation for further study in the field of Music Technology.			Unit 2: Creating Music			Uni
Music Technology Level 2 Technical Award, <i>NCFE</i>				Students develop skills to analyse stylistic elements of music and develop a piece of music based on a specific style. Students review the technical and creative processes learned in the previous term. This develops students' analytical and compositional skills for further study.			Students learn ho session for a give mix-down of their This teaches stud world

Term 6

Band Skills Singing / Piano / Guitar

ther as a band to produce a sensitive and e performance of a given song. This unit is to enhance students' technical ability on strument to ensure that they are at an nance standard before starting either Key Stage 4 course.

Synoptic Assessment

Term 6

Music for Stage and Screen

nusic that has been composed for stage and screen (film) to explore the context in usic was composed, broadening their what the purpose of music is. Analysing so build on students' compositional skills.

/Rebel Blockade Runner' from Star Wars *V: A New Hope* – J. Williams Gravity' from Wicked – S. Schwartz

the performance component and free sition of the GCSE is ongoing.

nit 3: Studio Recording

how to plan and undertake a recording ven scenario. Students learn to create a r recording and review the final product. udents a fundamental element of a realld task in Music Technology.

Synoptic Assessment

Year 11	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3	Term 4		٦
	AOS4: Fusions			Revision / Controlled Assessments			R
Music GCSE, Edexcel	 world have been creatively furstyles of music. This develops comparative skills by making jurn with broadening their comparative skil	nusical styles from around the sed to create new genres and students' critical analysis and udgements on the music, along ompositional repertoire. : <i>Release</i> – Afro Celt Sound in <i>Esperanza</i> – Esperanza	Mock Exam 1	Preparation for the performance component of the GCSE is ongoing. Students begin preparing to compose to a brief.	Completion of both controlled assessments (two compositions and two performances). Revision of all set works and consolidation of wider listening.	A Mock Exam 2	Revision and conso lis
	Unit 3: Studio Recording	Unit 4: Sound Creation	2	Unit 4: S	Sound Creation		
Music Technology Level 2 Technical Award, <i>NCFE</i>	Continued from previous term.	Students explore sound creation and apply their knowledge of previous topics to create an original sound creation project to a given brief. Students review their work after. This topic enables students to work more autonomously as Music Technologists and gives them the practical skills to work independently.		Revision of pre Revision for Externa	rom previous term. evious units evidence. al Assessment Unit (EAU). mpt at the EAU.		Revision o ev Revision Assessme Second

Impact

To ensure students achieve mastery, students are assessed formatively throughout Key Stage 3 against age-appropriate Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) set out by the United Learning Curriculum for Music; students in Key Stage 4 are assessed based on boundaries dictated by the relevant exam board, which varies depending on the route chosen. Teaching and planning is continuously adapted accordingly in response to the results of this data. Knowledge Organisers are used to support student learning outside the classroom by embedding core musical principles such as key terminology, theory and notations. Students are assessed on their Knowledge Organisers fortnightly as their homework. In between Knowledge Organiser homeworks, students are expected to complete online quizzes that are tailor-made to topics to extend students' musical understanding further. The extent to which the curriculum intent and outcome has been met will be measured on Key Stage 3 students' KPI data, and by results attained at Key Stage 4. Students can further their musical awareness by taking part in the extra-curricular clubs, ensembles and instrumental lessons offered, which may change annually.

Term 5	Term 6
Revision	
n of all set works olidation of wider istening.	Completion of written exam.
of previous units evidence.	-
on for External nent Unit (EAU) *	
l attempt at the EAU *	
lf required	